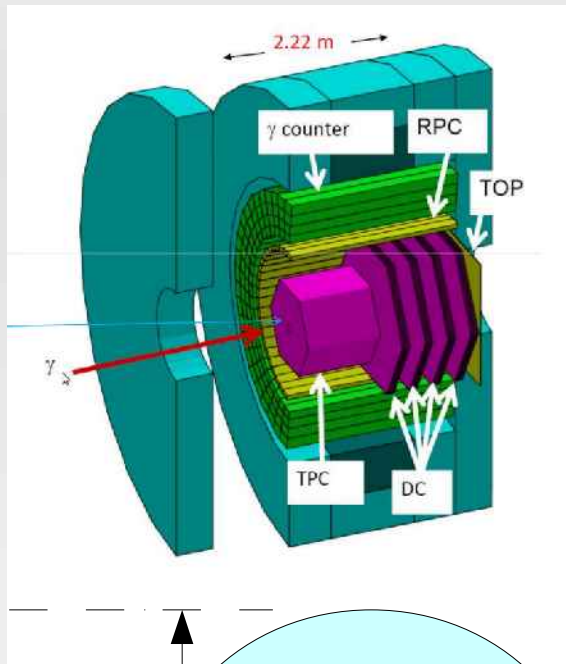


Beam test @ELPH
Aerogel Cherenkov + MPPC

Hiroshi ITO (Chiba Univ.)
伊藤博士(千葉大)

Introduction: LEPS II AC Plan

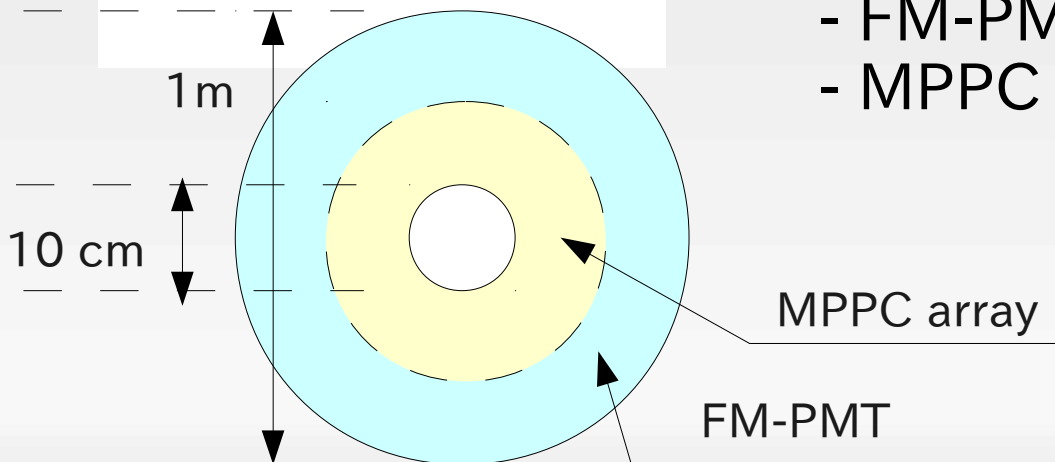


Requirement

1. Installing AC into **Dipole-Magnet**
2. Thinner type for between **TPC** and **DC**
3. Lower density for Tracking
4. 1 – 2 GeV/c π /K Id

Recent Plan

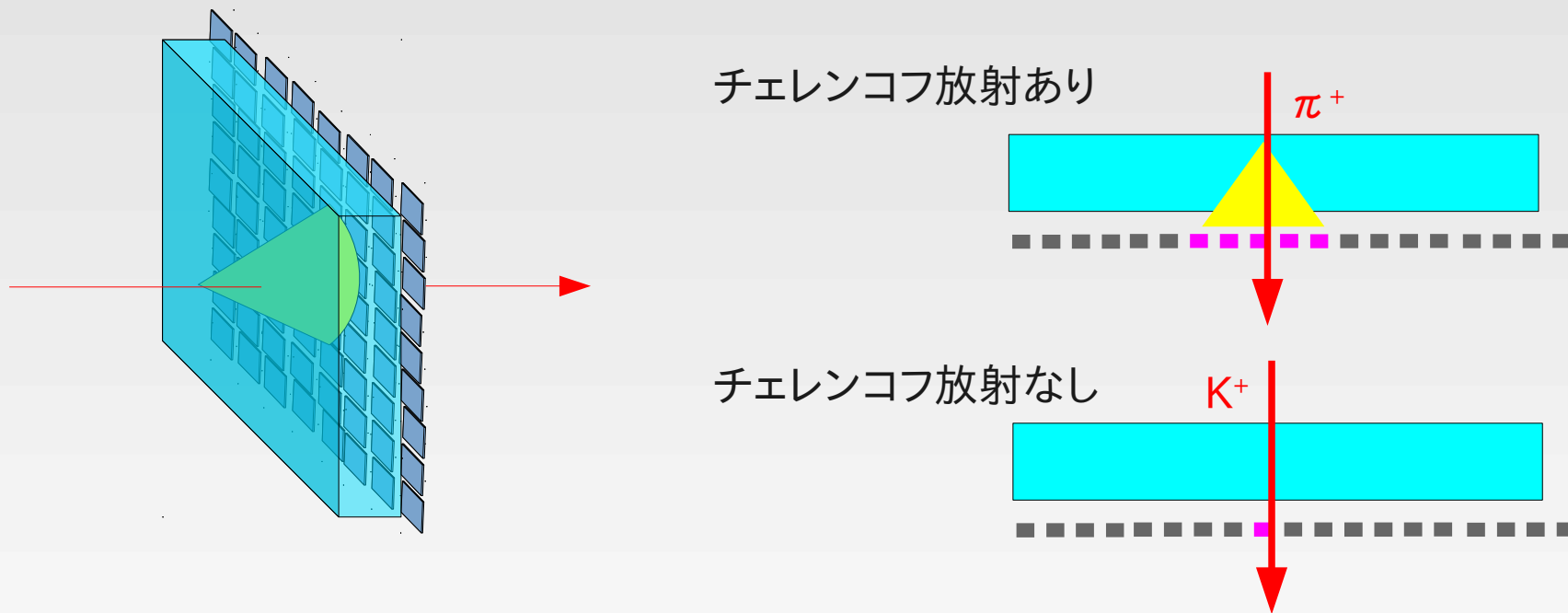
- Development 2 types AC
- FM-PMT type
 - MPPC array type



Index: This Contents

- MPPC array type AC
- ELPH Beam test
- Discussion
- Production aerogel

MPPC Array type

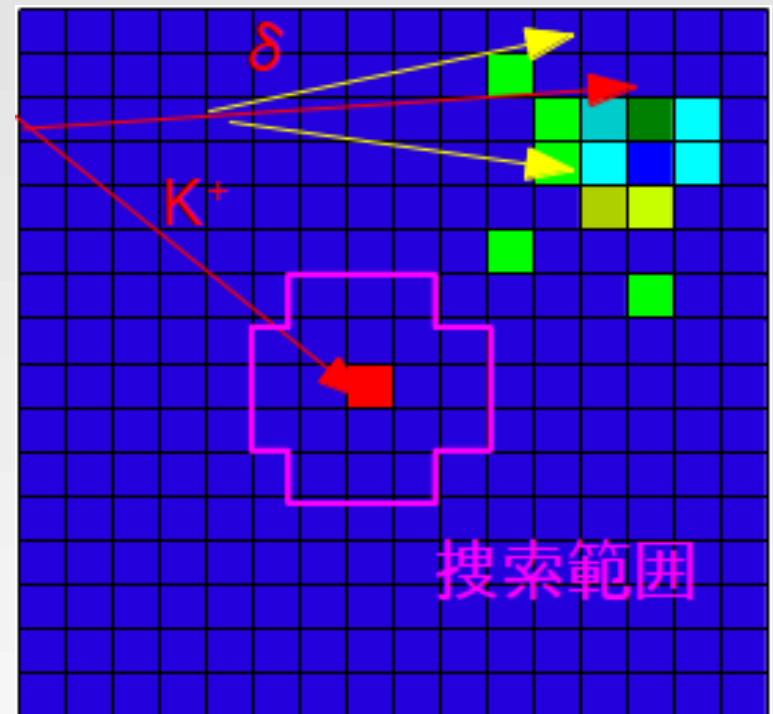
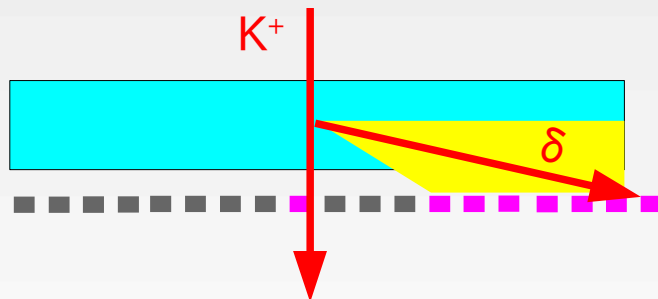


MPPC Array type

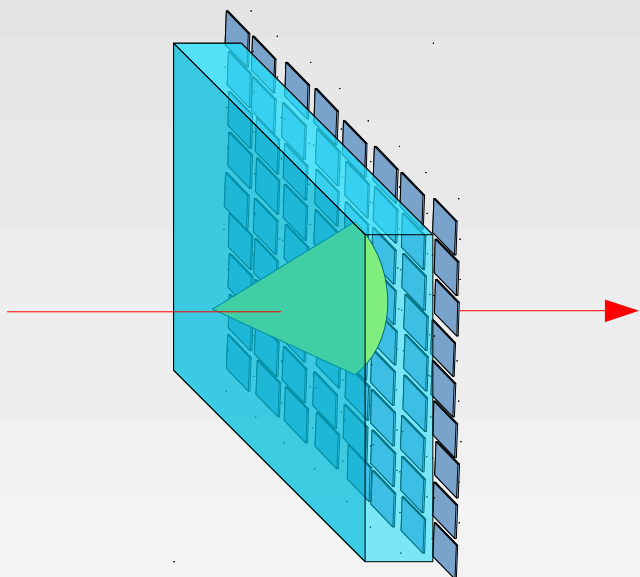
Knock on electron reject

Knock on electron reject

- Limit of integral region of MPPCs.
- Cherenkov light from delta-ray perhaps far away out side of the region.
- PID 99% over more would be achieved.



MPPC Array type



MPPC HAMAMATSU K.K.

New S13360 Series

- Lower Cross Talk
- Lower After Pulse
- Lower Dark Current

KEK & Tohoku Univ.

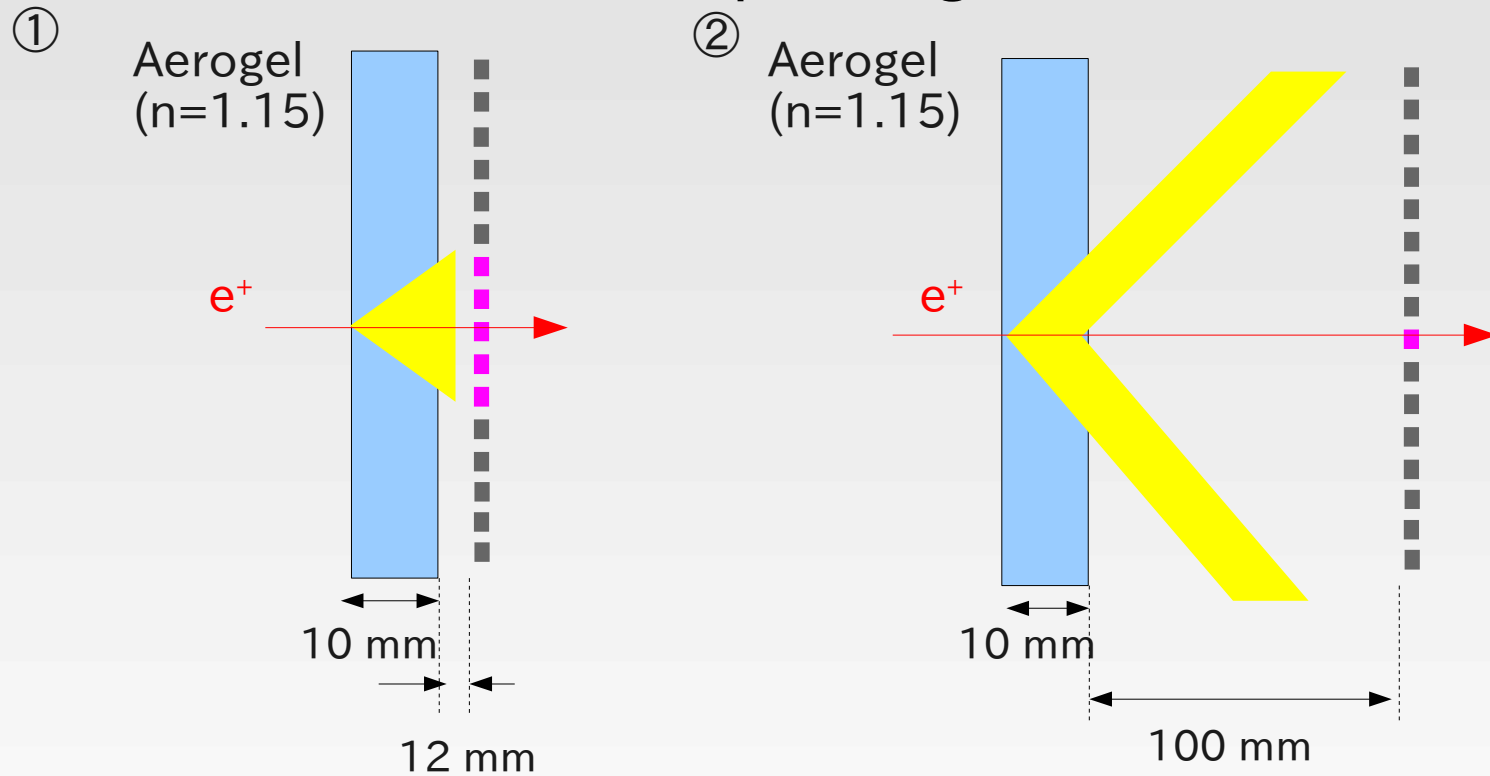
New EASIROC module

- Max 64 ch ADC+HV
- Cost: 300 – 400 kYen
- Ethernet Operation

ELPH Beam test

ELPH: Research Center for Electron Photon Science, Tohoku Univ.
e⁺ Beam line @ GeV Gamma room

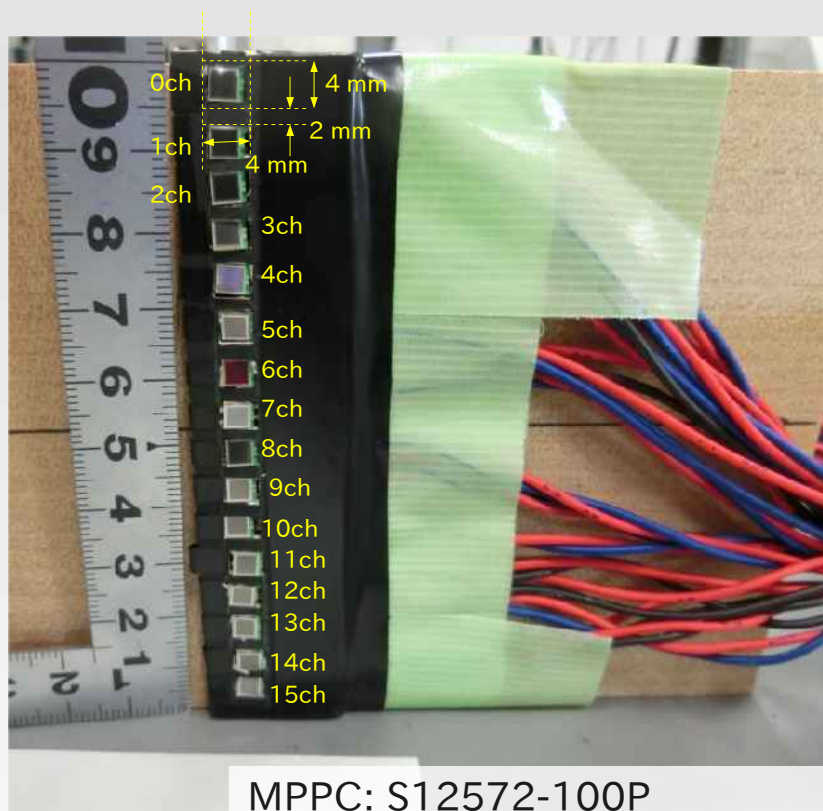
Setup: image



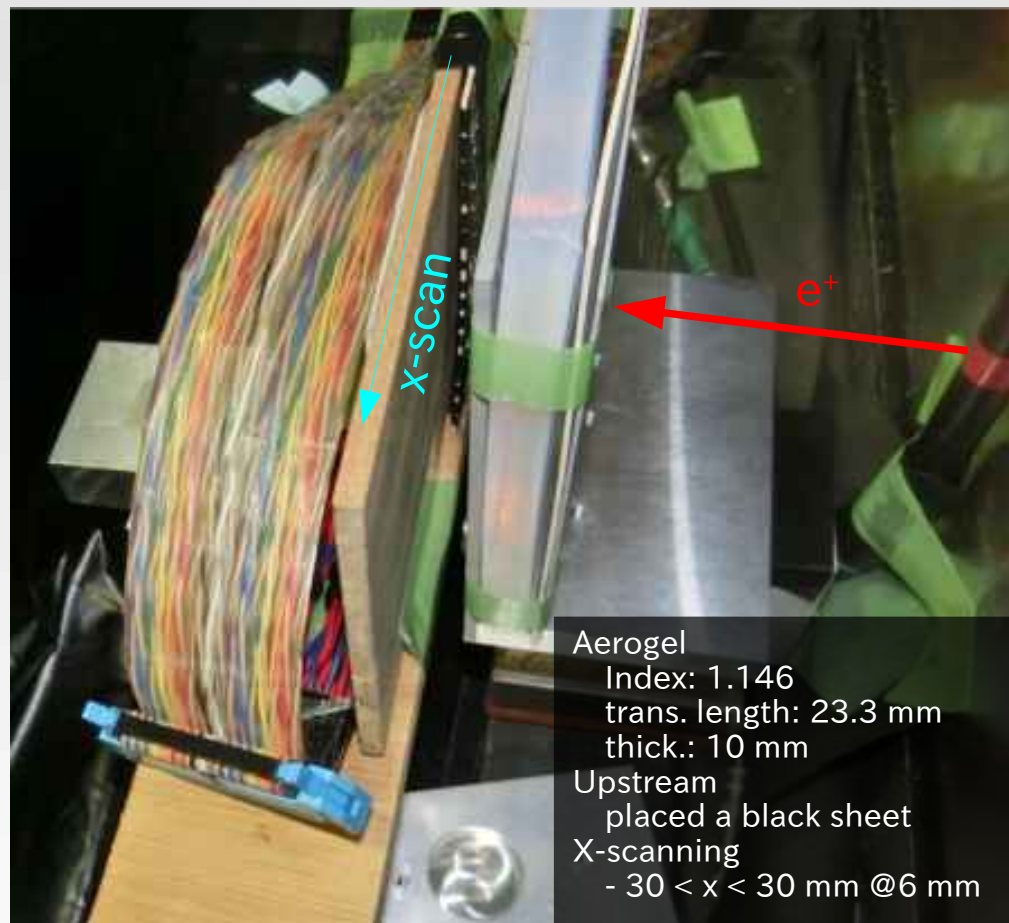
MPPC: S12572-100P, □3 mm, 16 ch
EASIROC module ... readout MPPCs

ELPH Beam test

Setup: picture



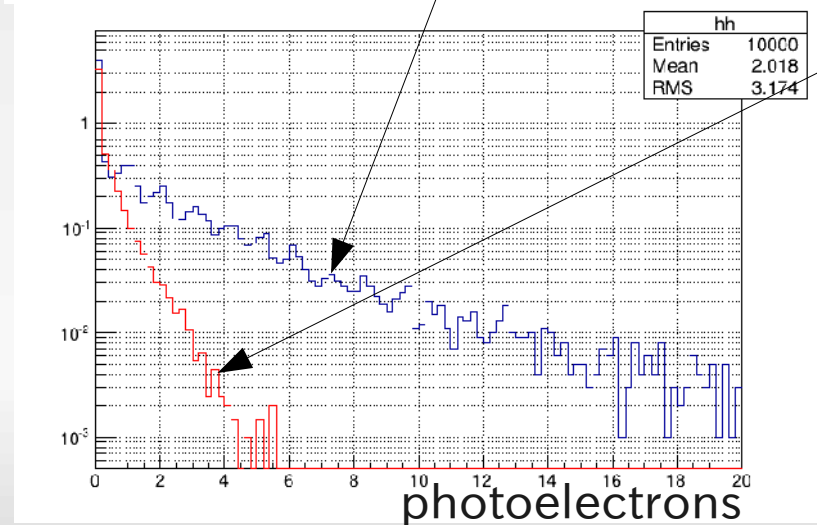
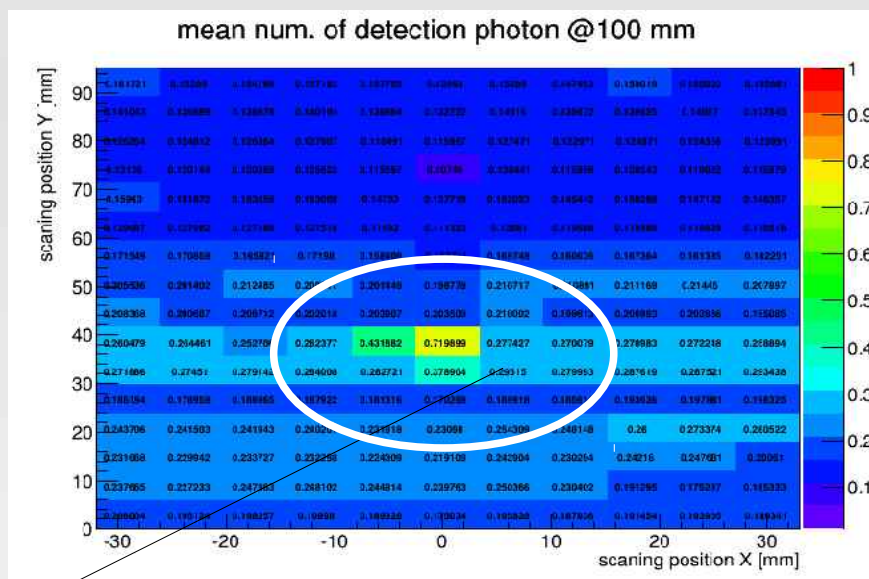
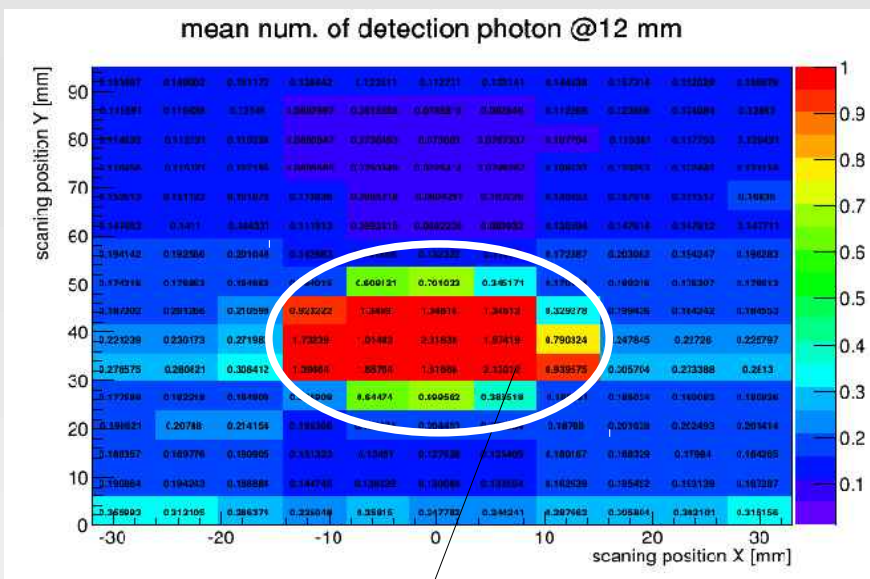
MPPC: S12572-100P
 eff. area: $\square 3$ mm
 Outside area: $\square 4$ mm
 Scanning acceptance 0.25



Aerogel
 Index: 1.146
 trans. length: 23.3 mm
 thick.: 10 mm
 Upstream
 placed a black sheet
 X-scanning
 - $30 < x < 30$ mm @6 mm

ELPH Beam test

Distribution mean p.e. of MPPCs



These distribution of Cherenkov are clearly.

In main Cherenkov region channels, total num. of p.e. is 23 and 6, respectively.

ELPH Beam test

Analysis **by force**;

PID estimation but only Lines with non-synchronization

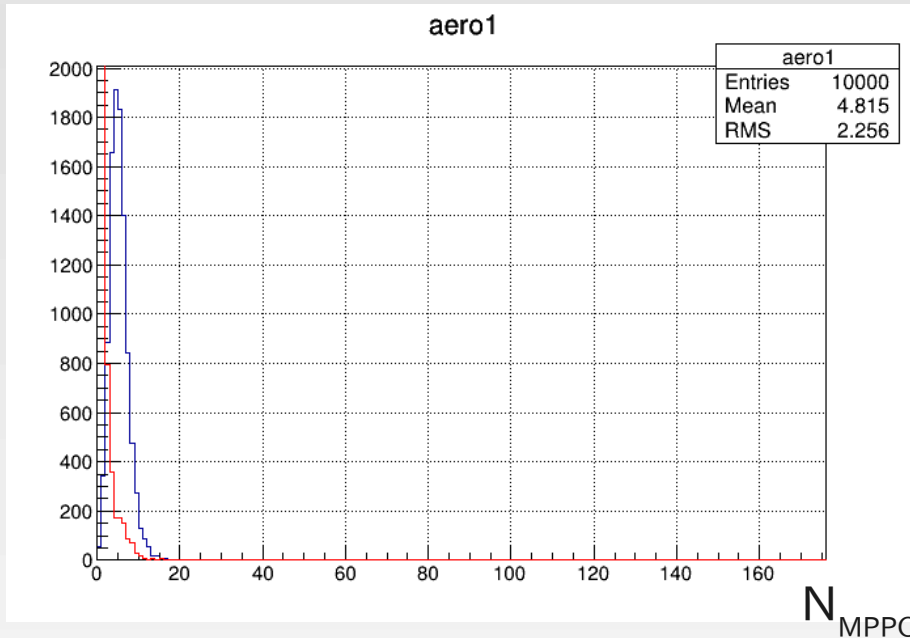
Consider

- (1) Each MPPC Line has **not synchronized** in event.
- (2) Cherenkov light is assumed random in the cone.
- (3) MPPCs are arrayed 2-D virtually.

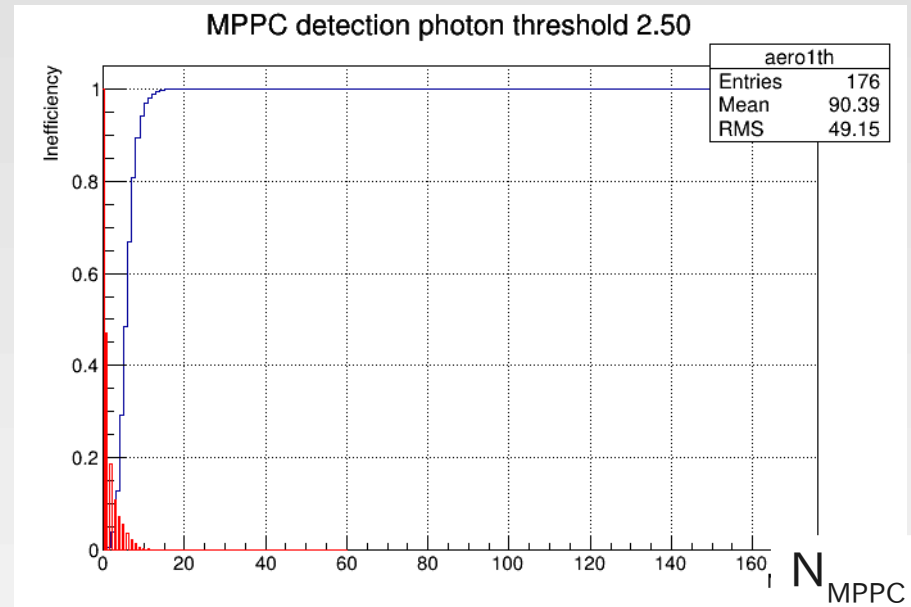
Analysis 1 ... 176 MPPCs PID On-line PID model
2 ... 21 MPPCs PID Off-line PID model

ELPH Beam test

176 MPPCs PID estimation



N_{MPPC} Distribution @ $N_{th} = 2.5$
 Blue ... 12 mm
 Red ... 100 mm



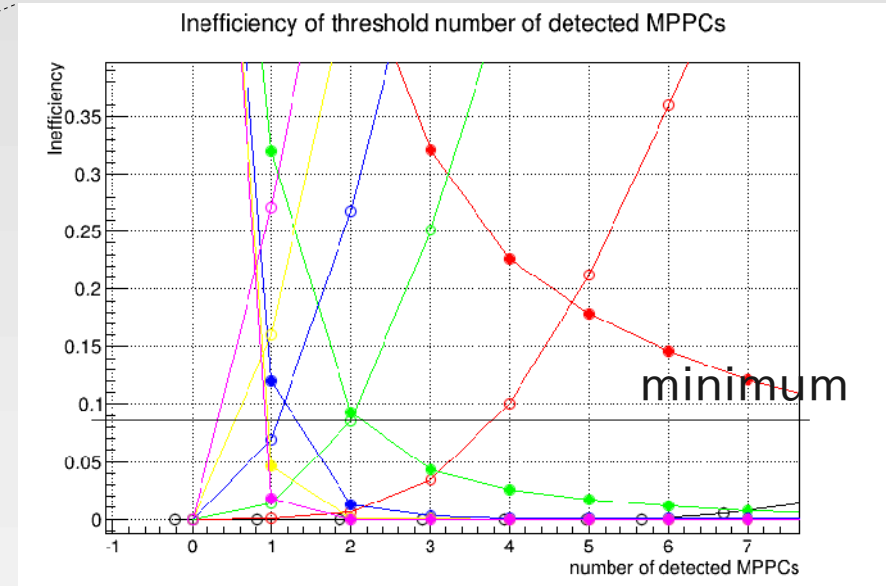
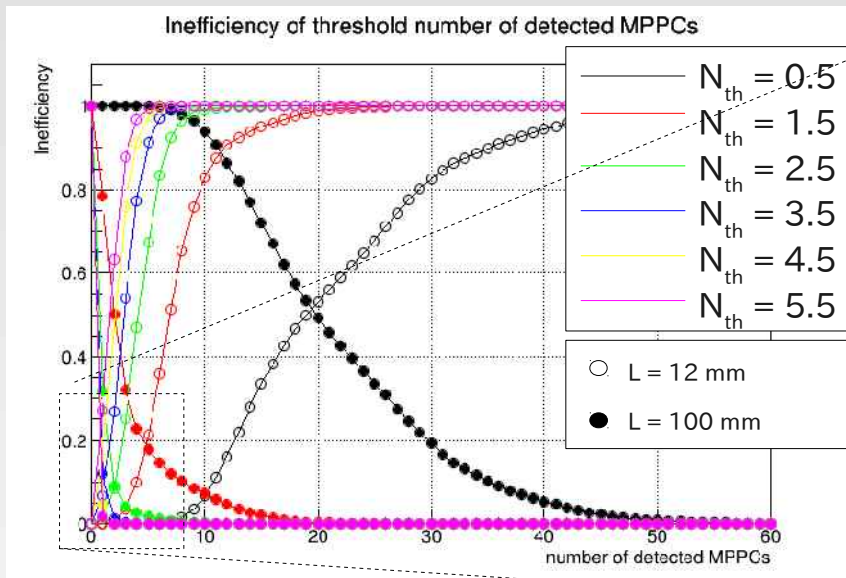
Miss-Id of Cherenkov @ $N_{th} = 2.5$
 Blue ... 12 mm
 Red ... 100 mm

N_{th} : threshold of detected number of MPPCs

N_{MPPC} : threshold of p.e. of each MPPC 11 / 20

ELPH Beam test

176 MPPCs PID estimation



Minimum Mis-Id is 0.09
 → PID: 91% @ $N_{th} = 2.5$, $N_{MPPC} = 2$

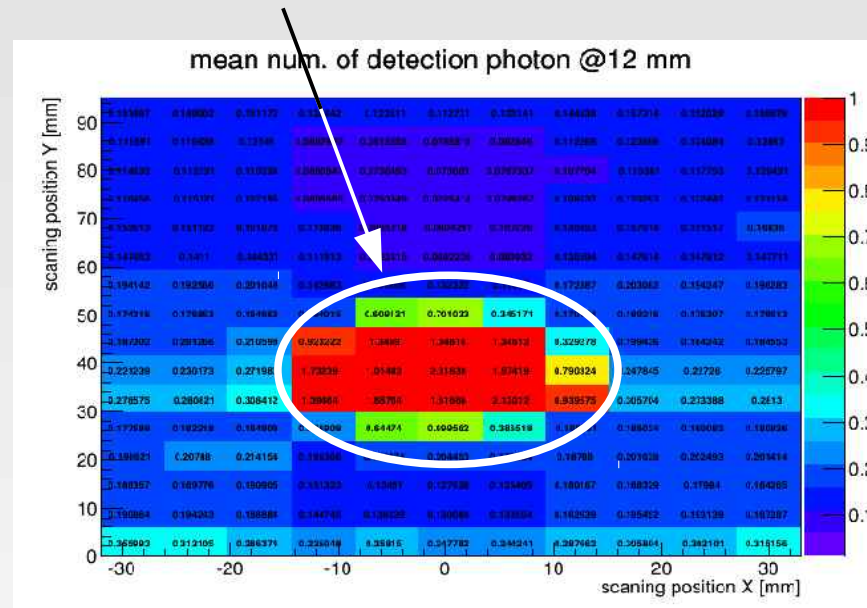
N_{th} : threshold of detected number of MPPCs

N_{MPPC} : threshold of p.e. of each MPPC 12/ 20

ELPH Beam test

21 MPPCs PID estimation

the PID estimated from 21 MPPCs in the same way as 176 MPPCs PID analysis.



When the threshold of MPPC has been configured 3 or more, PID was estimated 90.2% as eff. and 7.2% as mis-id.

ELPH Beam test

Result & Considerable

Result

On-line ... eff. 91%, mis-id 9%

Off-line ... eff. 90.2 %, mis-id 7.8%

Considerable

Why the PID was estimated worse but 20 p.e. or more was detected by MPPCs?

- MPPC has **high noise** and **cross talk** mainly

$N(n=1.15, d=1\text{cm}) \sim 93$, acceptance = 0.25, $Q.E._{MPPC} \sim 0.35$

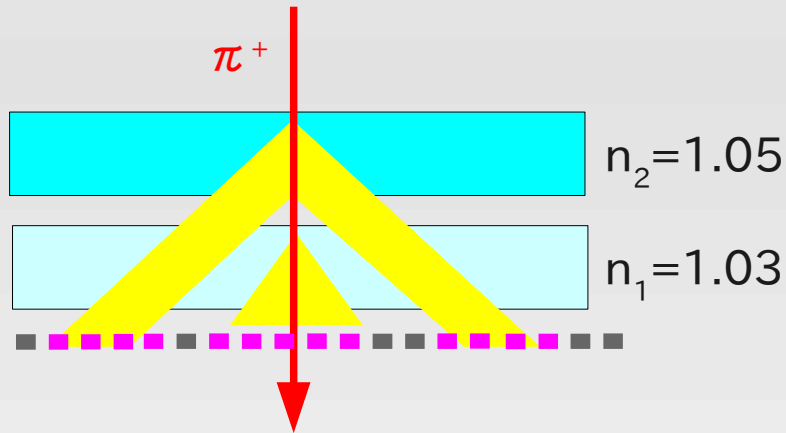
$N_{p.e.} \sim 8.2$, $N_{exp}=17$... cross talk effect = $17/8.2 \sim 2$

Improvement: How should we do ?

1. MPPC array acceptance: 25% → 50%
2. $N(n=1.15, d=1\text{cm}) \sim N(n=1.03, d=4.2)$
3. **new MPPC** (S13360) would like to be used.
3. decided aptitude parameter for AC
Aerogel thckness, index, TL, gel-MPPC distance,
MPPC acceptance, ...

Discussion

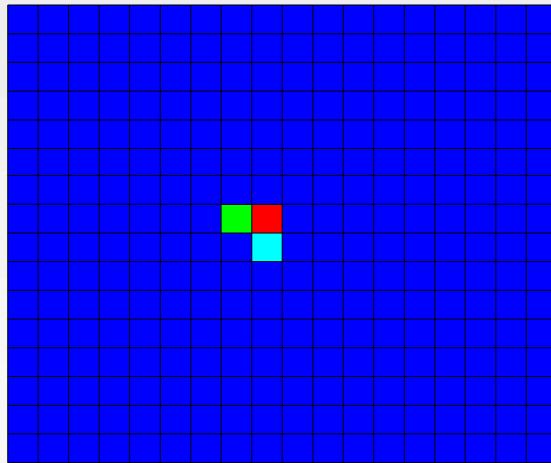
$\pi / K / p$ identification



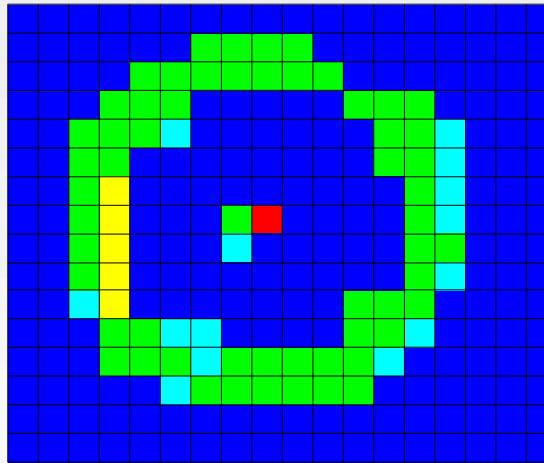
$$\beta_p < 1/n_1 < \beta_K < 1/n_2 < \beta_\pi$$

- 3 kinds PID ($\pi / K / p$)
- 2 kinds + Wide Range Momentum

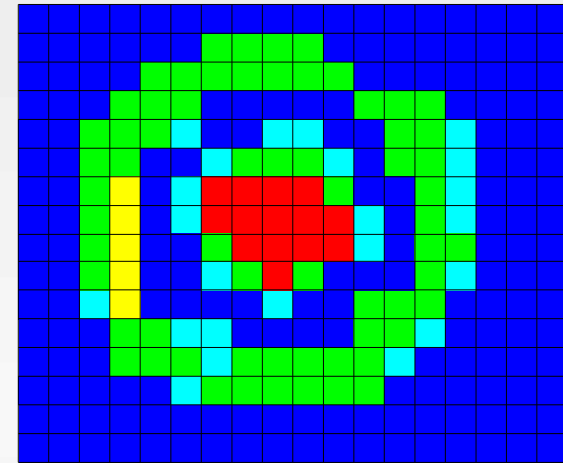
Image distribution



p



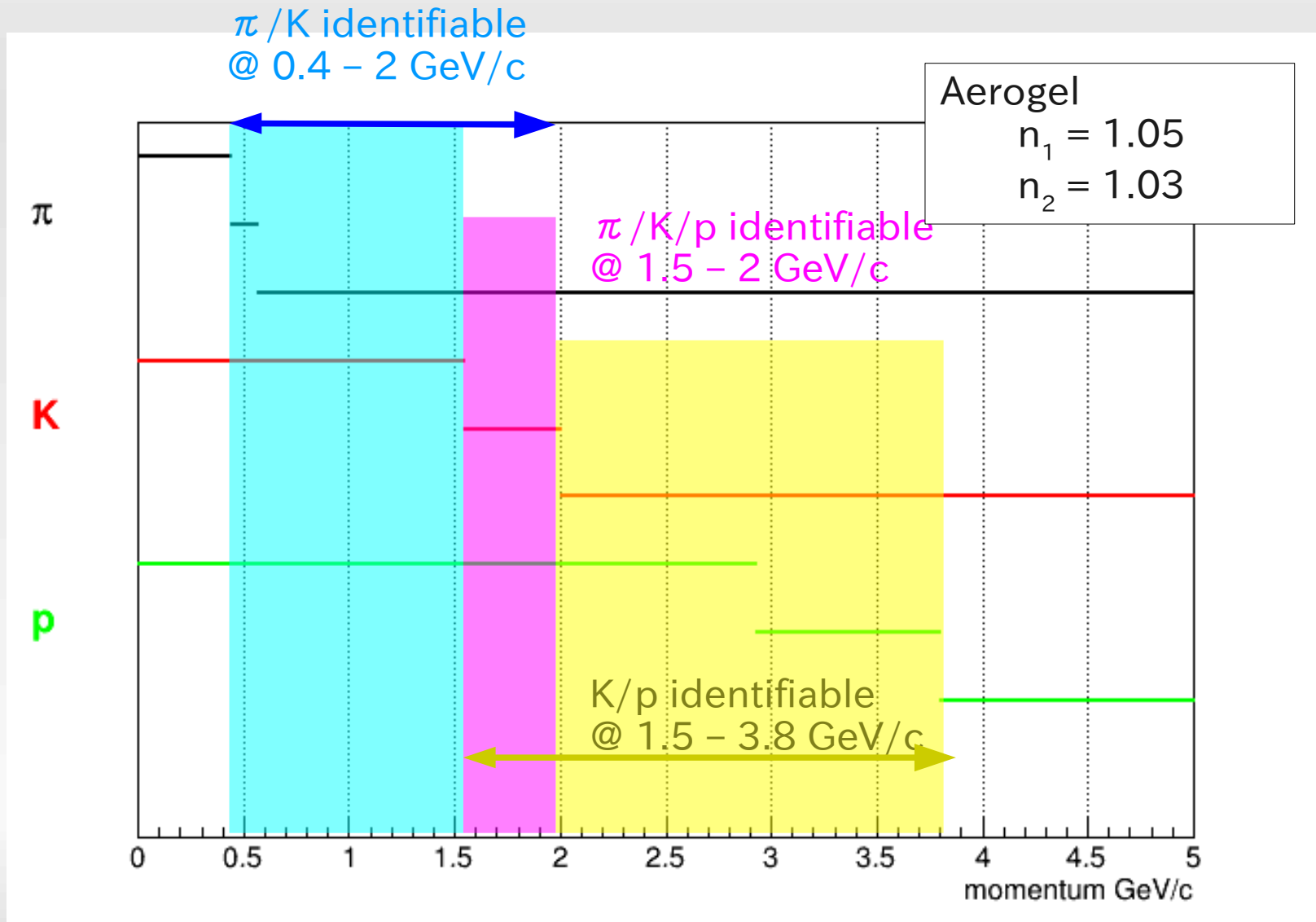
K⁺



π^+

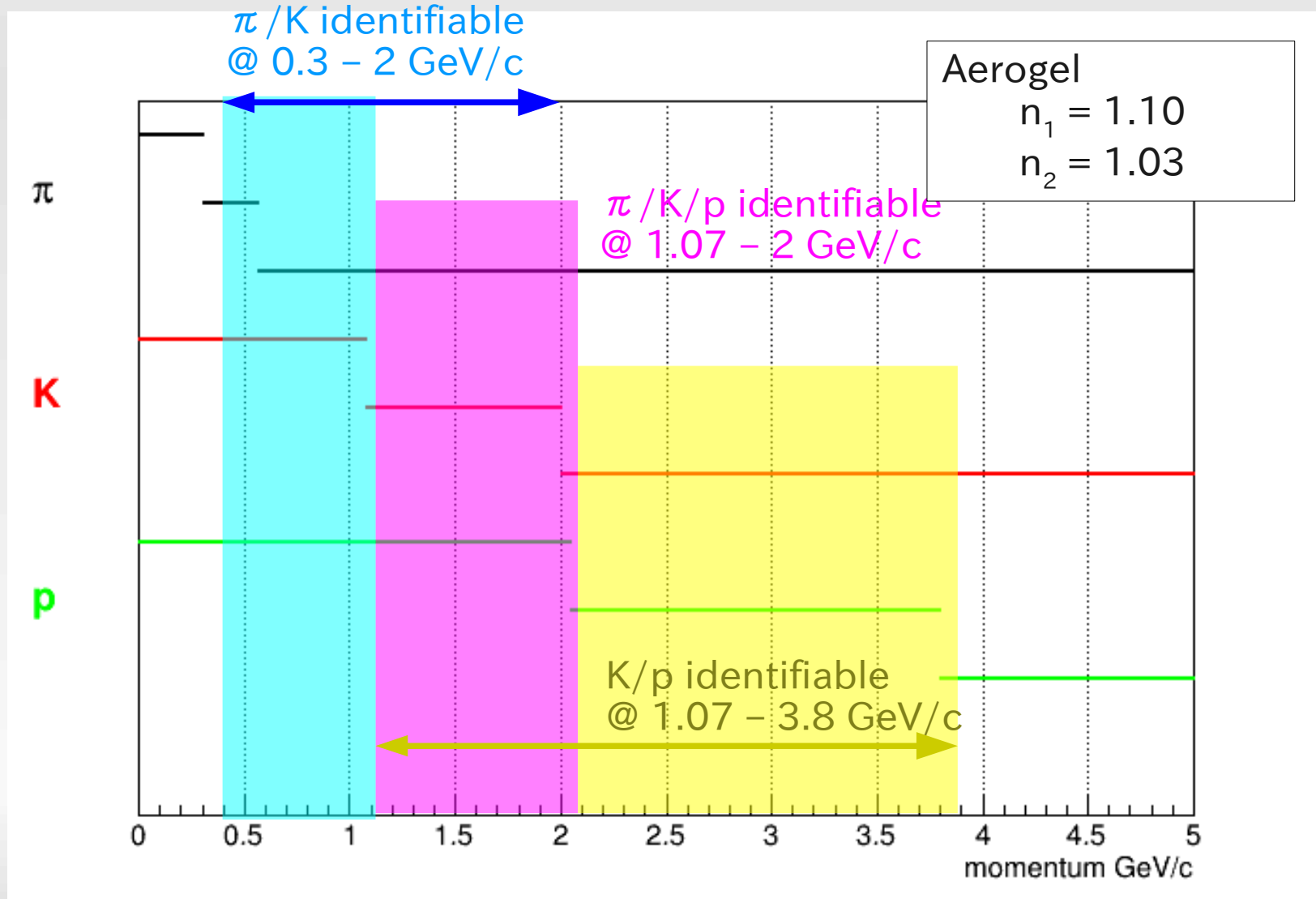
Backup

π / K / p identification



Backup

π / K / p identification



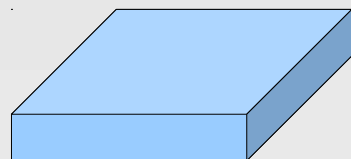
Conclusion

- MPPC type
MPPC put on downstream aerogel directory.
Noise is reducible by veto knock-on electron.
- MPPC Linear Scanning
Aerogel $n=1.15$, TL=23 mm
MPPC $\square 3$ mm, 16 Linear, Acceptance 25%
→ *Cherenkov Distribution Clearly*
→ PID estimation **90% or more** by force
MPPC **noise & cross talk** make break relation of **p.e.** and **eff.**
- New Idea
3 kinds Particle Identifiable:
 $\pi / K / p$ (1 – 2 GeV/c) @ $n_1=1.10$, $n_2=1.03$
PID at Wide Range Momentum
 π / K (0.3 – 2 GeV/c)

Aerogel in Chiba Univ.

河合さんからの伝言

1バッチ = 2L

10 x 10 x 2 cm³

× 10コ分

1週間で2バッチが限界
 → 1ヶ月で8バッチ
 → max 16 L / 月

3ヶ月目からの製作依頼では10万円/バッチ 引き

ピンホール	あり	なし
屈折率	1.03 – 1.26	1.003 – 1.08
製作期間	3ヶ月	2ヶ月
値段	40万円/バッチ	30万円/バッチ

Aerogel in Chiba Univ.

大学同士の契約ができる場合

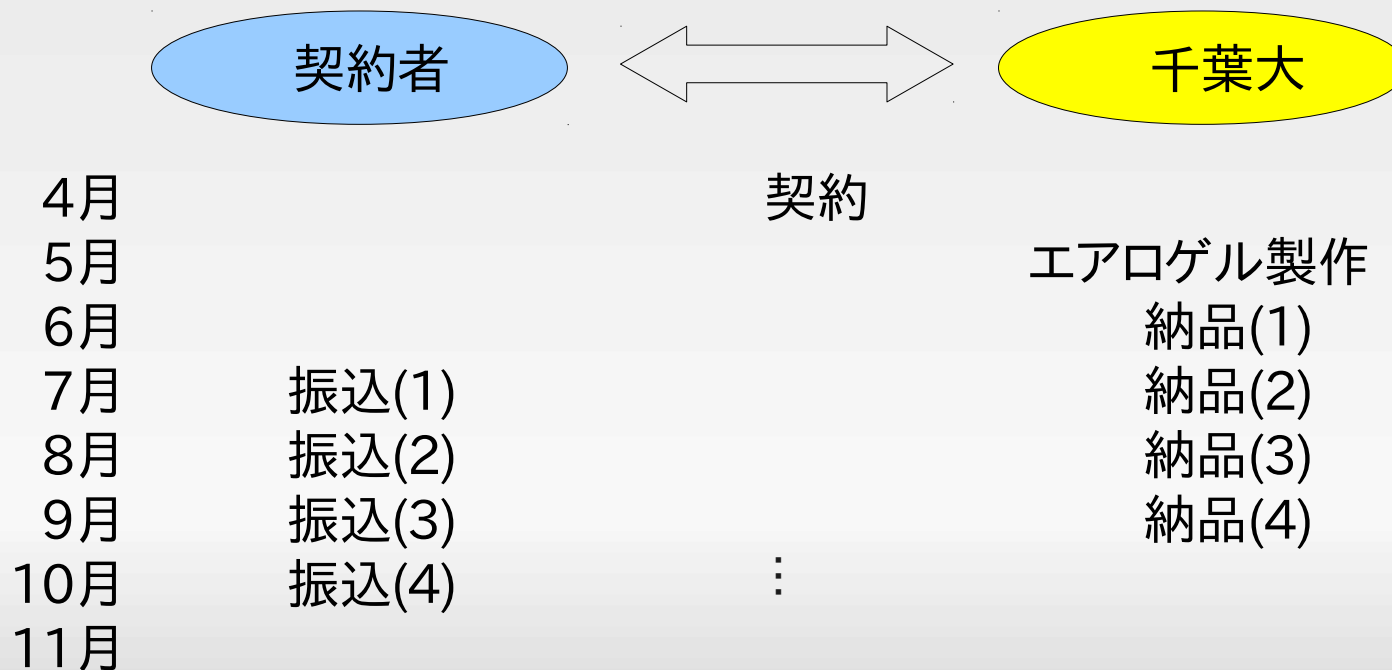
大学同士の契約ができない場合

	間接経費
受託研究契約	+30%
共同研究契約	+10%
研究成果物有償譲渡契約	+0%

間に企業が入ってもらって、
契約する。
企業の手数料がいくらかかる

オススメ

契約のながれ

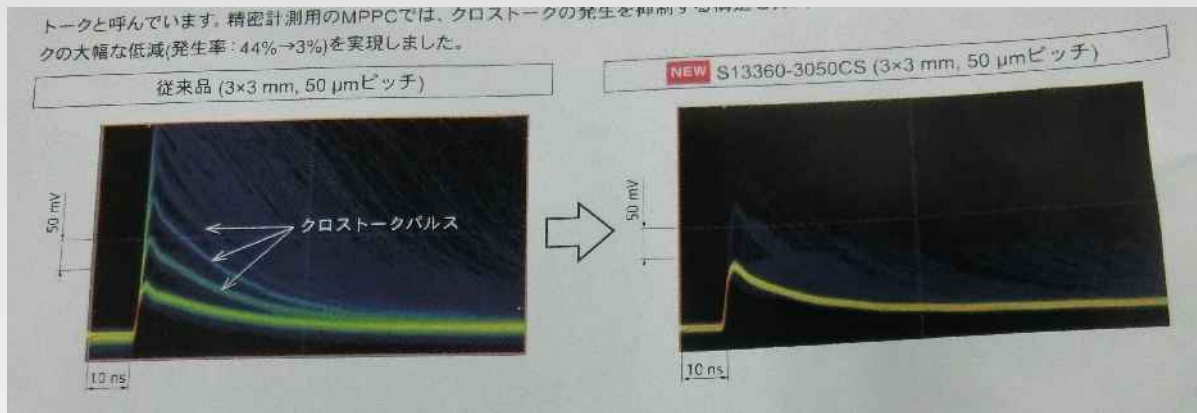


Backup

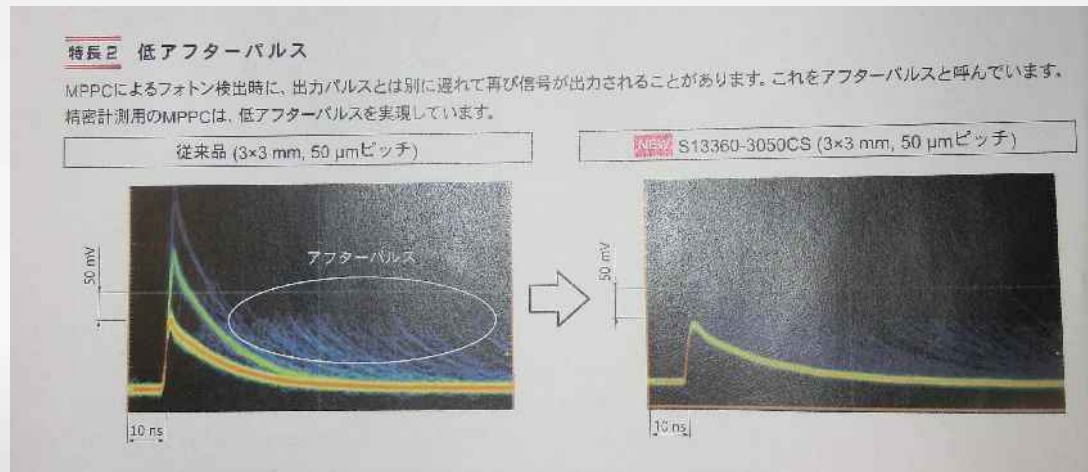
Backup

MPPC HAMAMATSU K.K. New S13360 Series

Lower Cross Talk



Lower After Pulse

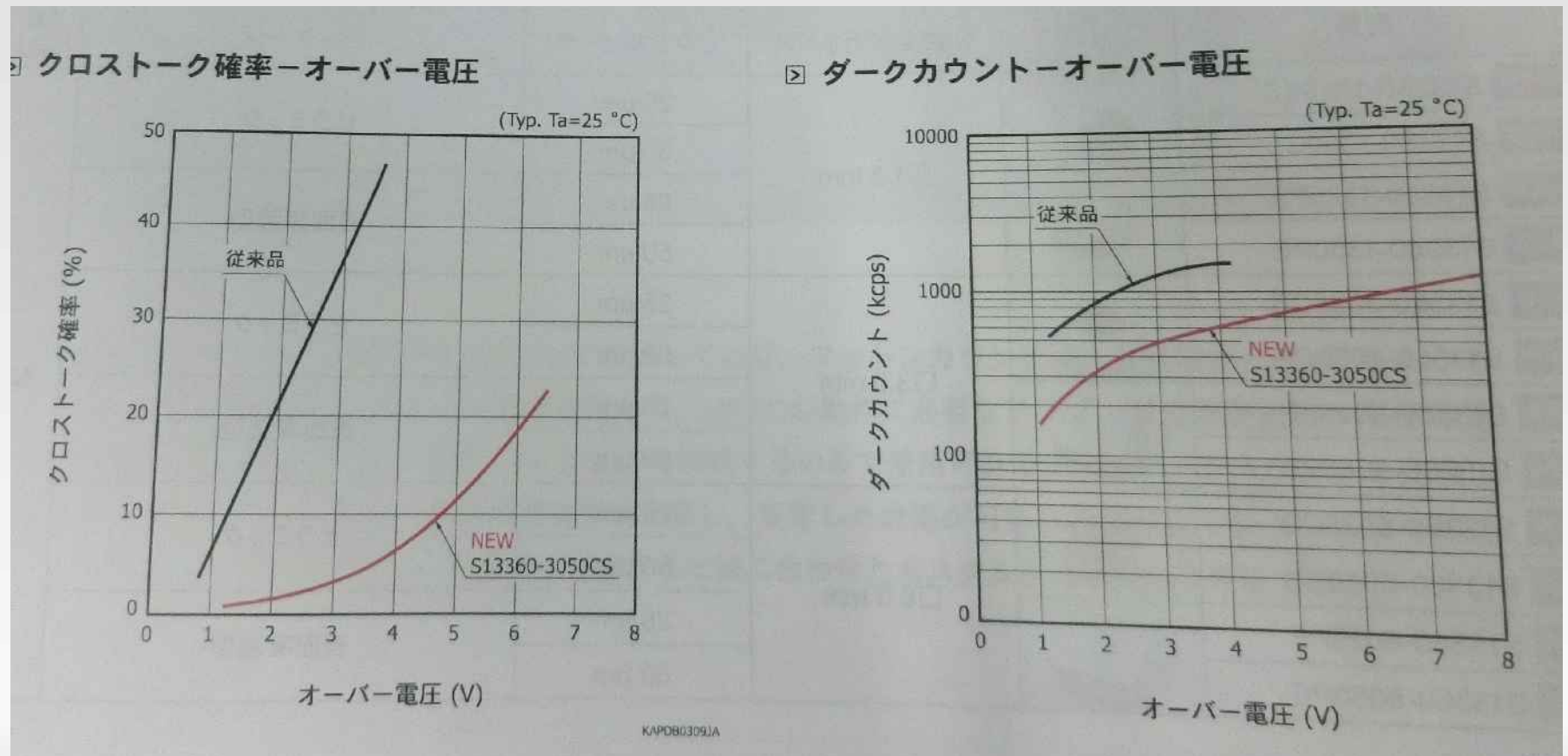


Backup

MPPC HAMAMATSU K.K.

New S13360 Series

Contribution at Over Voltage



Backup

MPPC HAMAMATSU K.K.
New S13360 Series

	S12572	S13360	
	-100P	-3050PE	-6050PE
Effective photosensitive area	3 × 3 mm ²	3 × 3 mm ²	6 × 6 mm ²
Pixel pitch	100 μm	50 μm	50 μm
Number of pixels	900	3600	14400
Number of channels	1 ch		
Package	Surface mount type		
Cooling	Non-cooled		
Spectral response range	320 to 900 nm		
Peak sensitivity wavelength (typ.)	450 nm		
Dark count (typ.) 0.5 th	1000 kcps	500 kcps	2000 kcps
(Max.)	2000 kcps	1500 kcps	6000 kcps
Terminal capacitance (typ.)	320 pF	320 pF	1280 pF
Gain (typ.)	2.8 × 10 ⁶	1.7 × 10 ⁶	
Recommended operating voltage (typ.)	VBR + 1.4	VBR + 3 V	
price	2 kYen/個 (100個)	7 kYen/個 (100個単位) 6 kYen/個 (100個単位)	11 kYen/個 (50個単位) 10 kYen/個 (100個単位)

HAMAMATSU Catalog data

Backup

KEK & Tohoku Univ. New EASIROC module

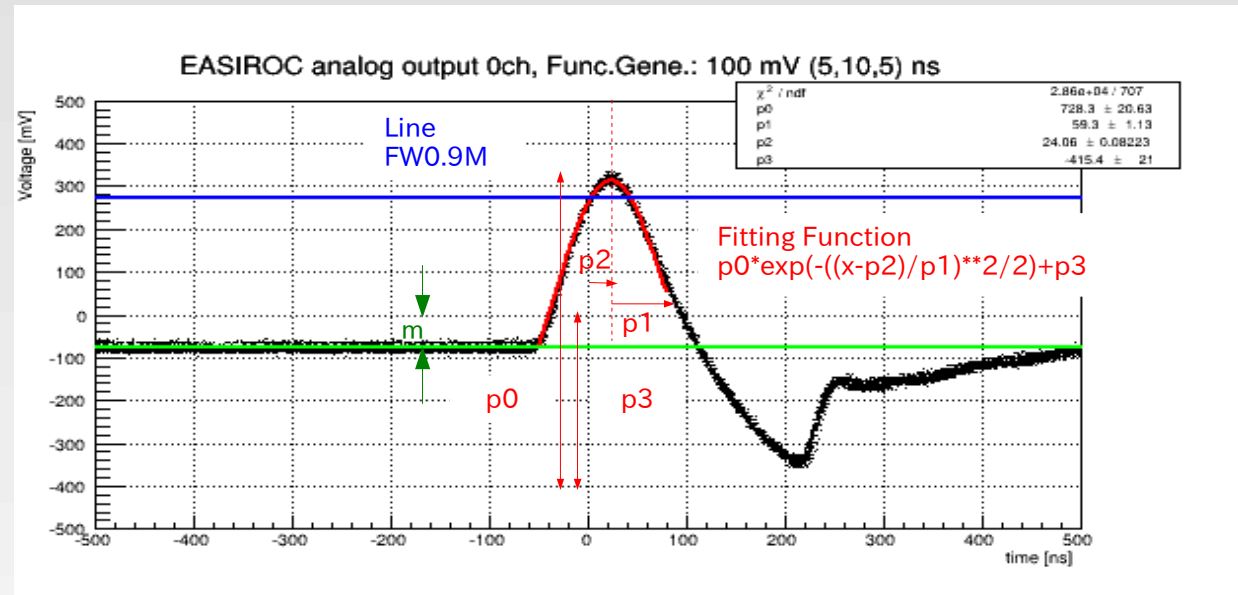
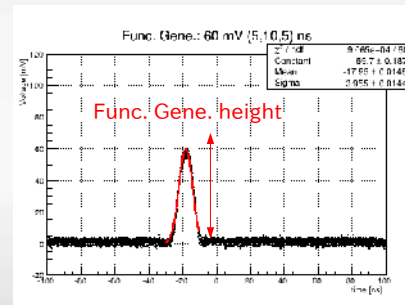


Fig. Analog output signal

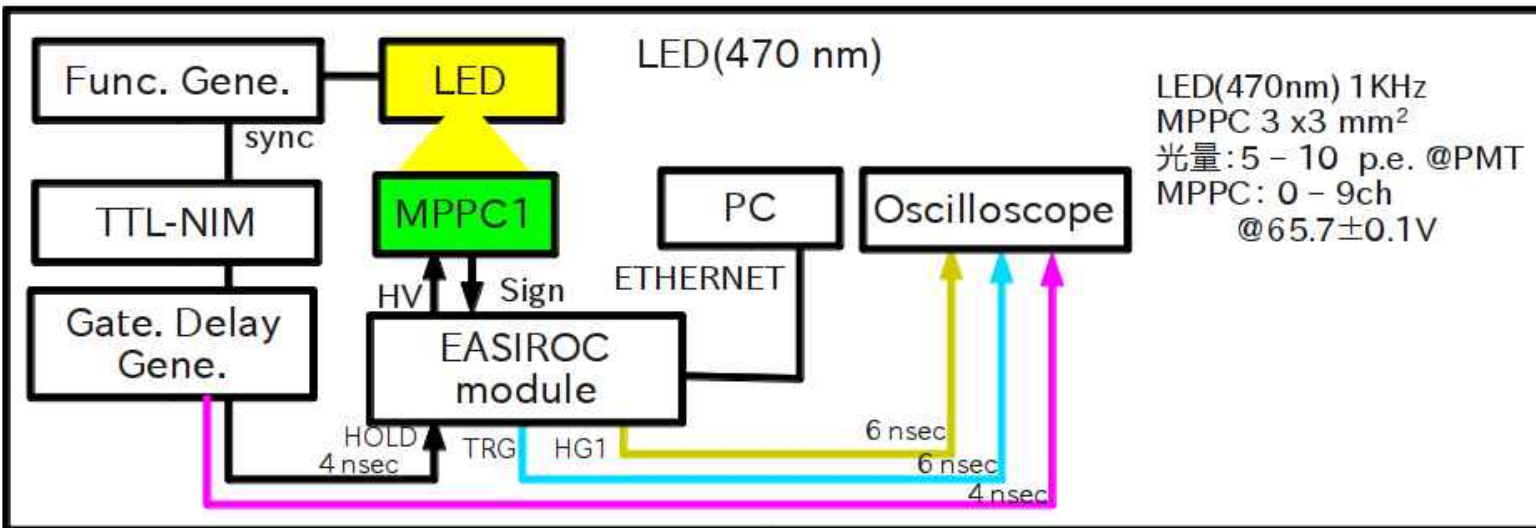
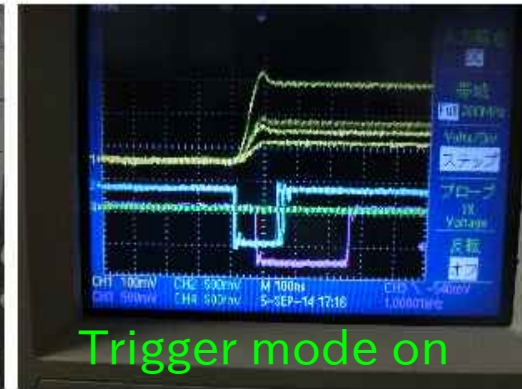
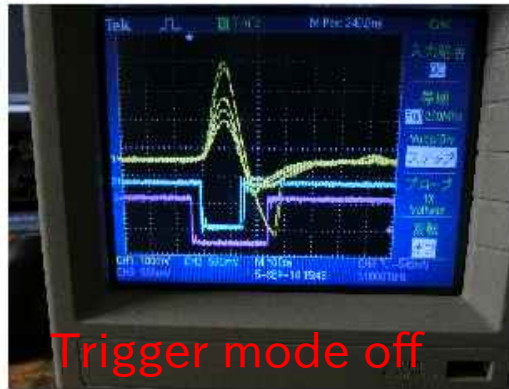
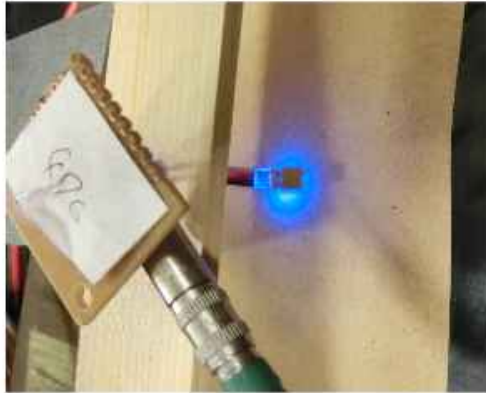
- EASIROC 2 chip
- Maximum 64ch ADC HV supply
- Trigger Logic
- PreAmp gain
- Slow Shaper time coefficient
- Lower Cost: 300 – 400 kYen



Input signal made from Function Generator

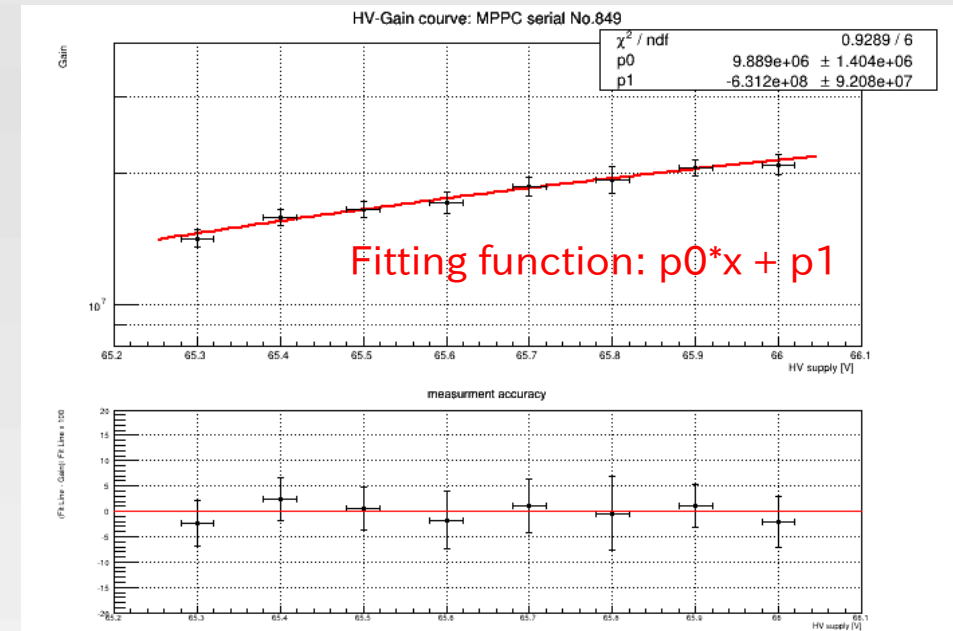
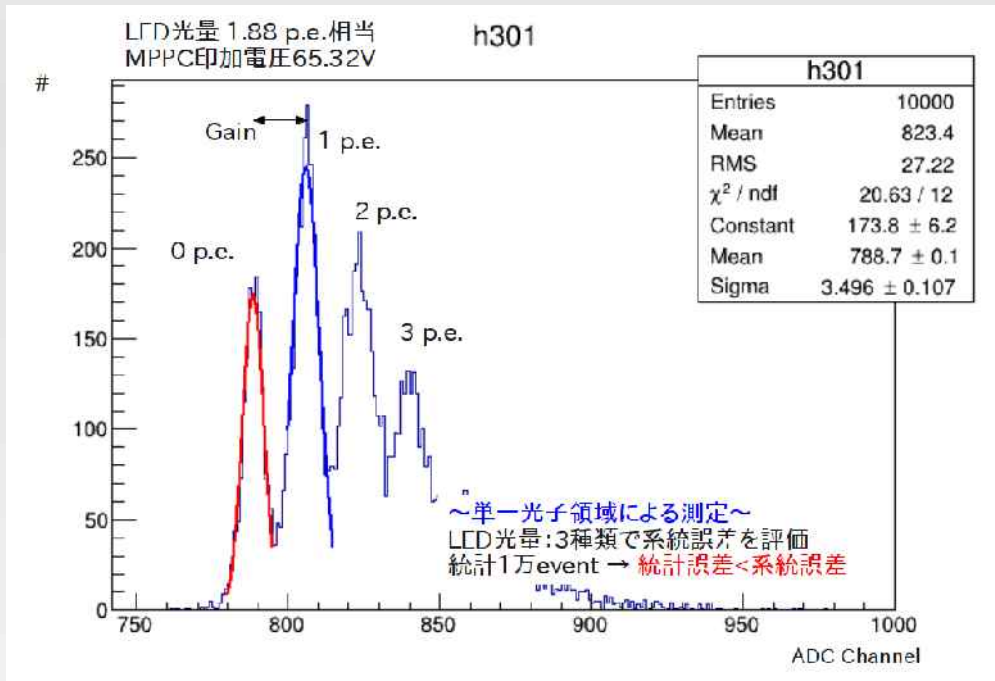
Backup

MPPC Calibration using EASIROC module



Backup

MPPC Calibration using EASIROC module



$$\mu(V) = \frac{(M_{n+1} - M_n) C_{MPPC} C_{ADC}}{e}, (n = 0)$$

- M_n ... ピークnの平均値
- C_{MPPC} ... MPPCの容量[pF]
- C_{ADC} ... ADCの変換係数[mV/ADC]

$$\mu = \frac{Q}{e}$$

$$Q = C(V_R - V_{BR}),$$

$$N_{photo} \propto Q = \sum_i Q_i$$

Backup

Calculation number of Cherenkov photons

@ $\beta = 1$, thickness=1 cm, 400-600 nm

n	angle[deg.]	num.ph.
1.01	8.1	7.5
1.02	11.4	14.8
1.03	13.9	21.9
1.04	16.0	28.8
1.05	17.8	35.5
1.06	19.4	42.0
1.07	20.9	48.3
1.08	22.2	54.5
1.09	23.5	60.5
1.10	24.6	66.3
1.11	25.7	72.0
1.12	26.8	77.5
1.13	27.8	82.8
1.14	28.7	88.1
1.15	29.6	93.2
1.16	30.5	98.1
1.17	31.3	102.9
1.18	32.1	107.7
1.19	32.8	112.2
1.20	33.6	116.7

$$N \sim 2\pi\alpha L \left(1 - \frac{1}{n^2\beta^2}\right) \int \frac{d\lambda}{\lambda^2}$$

Backup

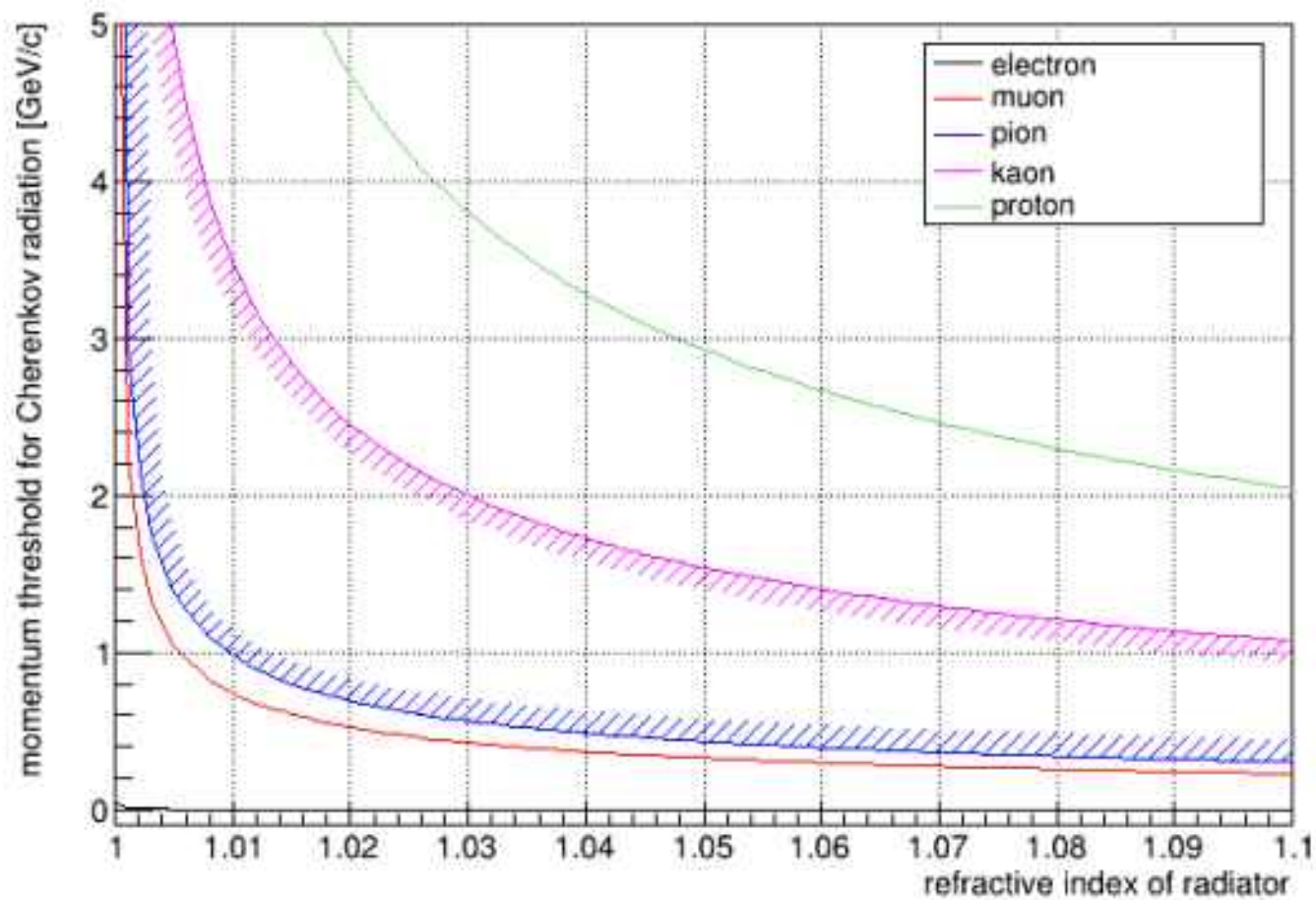
Calculation number of Cherenkov photons in a case of π (1.5 GeV/c)
@ $\beta = 0.996$, thickness=1 cm, 400-600 nm

n	angle [deg.]	num.ph	
1.01	6.1	4.3	
1.02	10.1	11.7	
1.03	12.8	18.8	
1.04	15.1	25.8	
1.05	17.0	32.5	
1.06	18.7	39.1	
1.07	20.2	45.5	
1.08	21.6	51.7	
1.09	22.9	57.7	
1.10	24.1	63.6	
1.11	25.2	69.3	
1.12	26.3	74.8	
1.13	27.3	80.2	
1.14	28.3	85.5	
1.15	29.2	90.7	
1.16	30.0	95.7	
1.17	30.9	100.5	
1.18	31.7	105.3	
1.19	32.5	109.9	
1.20	33.2	114.4	

$$N \sim 2\pi\alpha L \left(1 - \frac{1}{n^2\beta^2}\right) \int \frac{d\lambda}{\lambda^2}$$

Backup

PID of threshold type Cherenkov Counter



Backup

Cherenkov info.

屈折率 n の媒質に荷電粒子が速度
 $\beta = v/c > c/n$ で走った時、チェレンコフ
放射する。チェレンコフ角は

$$\cos \theta_C = 1/n\beta$$

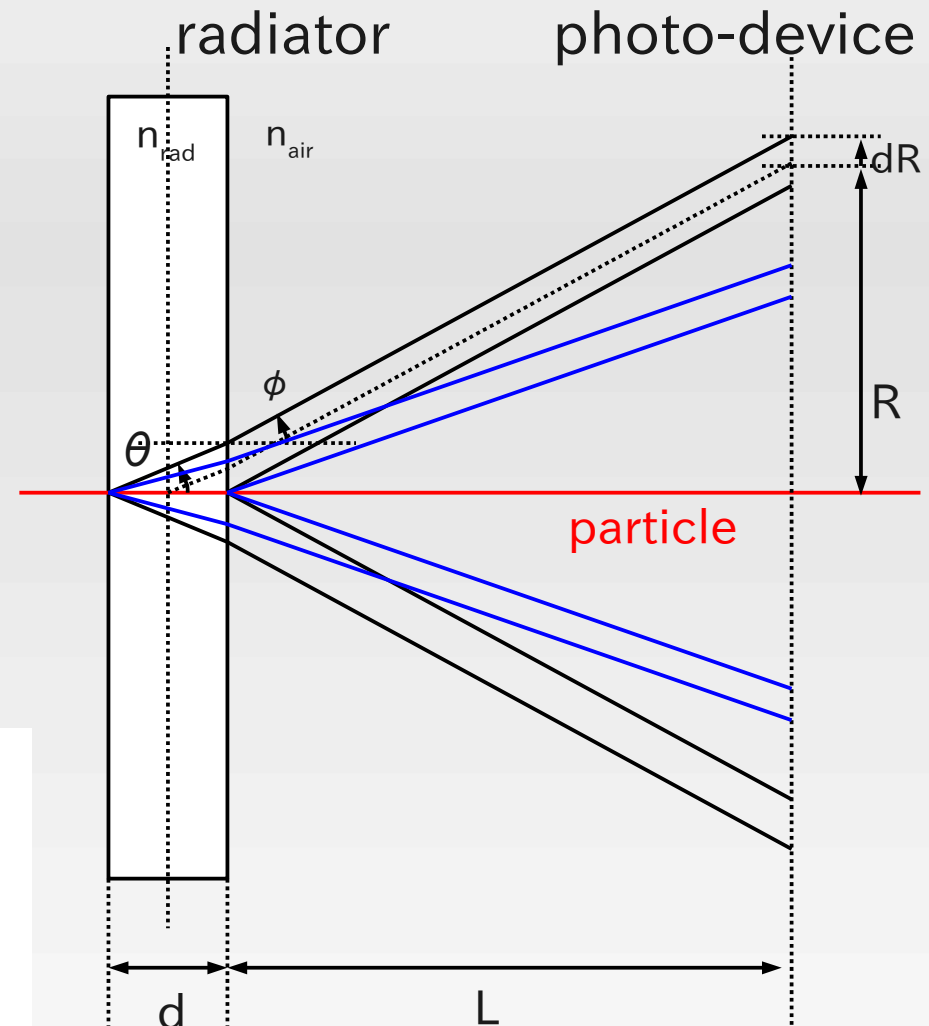
同じ運動量領域でチェレンコフ角を測
定して粒子識別する方法をRICHとい
う。

$$R = \frac{1}{2}d \tan \theta_C + L \tan \varphi$$

$$\delta R = \frac{1}{2}d \tan \theta_C$$

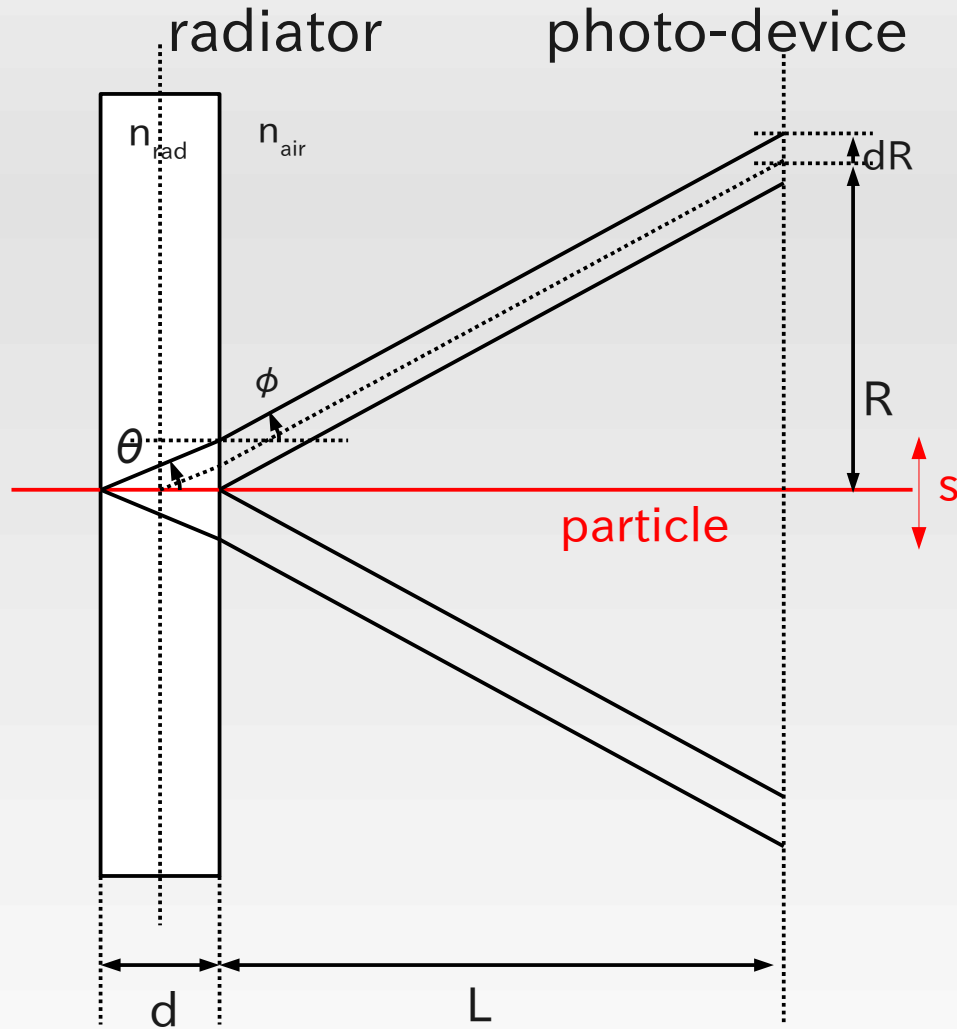
$$\theta_C = \cos^{-1} 1/n\beta$$

$$\sin \varphi = \frac{n_{rad}}{n_{air}} \sin \theta_C$$



リングイメージングチェレンコフの模型

Backup



$$N=1.15, d=10 \text{ mm}, L_1=12 \text{ mm}, \\ L_2=100 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_1 \sim 10.58 \pm 2.74 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_2 \sim 68.14 \pm 2.74 \text{ mm}$$

$$s=10 \text{ mm}$$

$$R=s/2 + r$$

$$R_1 \sim 15 \pm 3 \text{ mm}$$

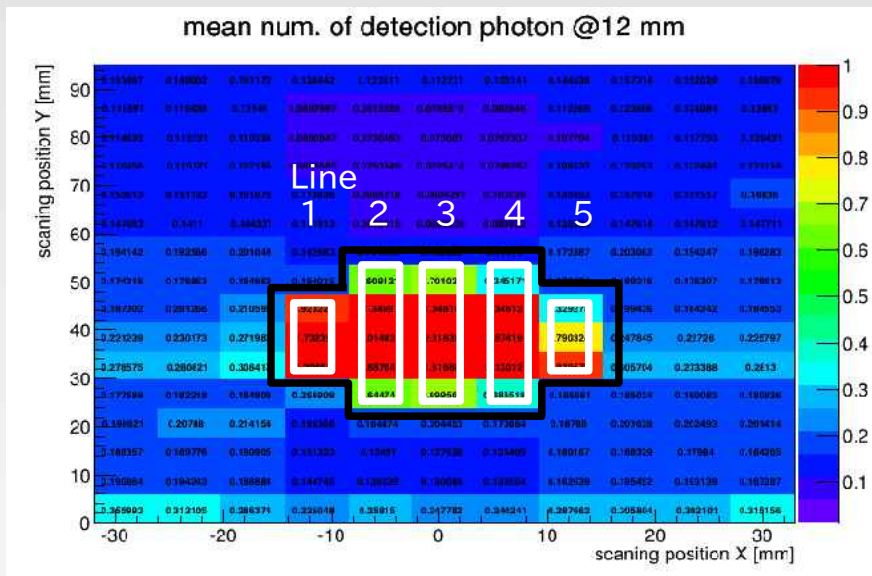
$$R_2 \sim 73 \pm 3 \text{ mm}$$

$L=100 \text{ mm}$ だとスキャン領域から外れる

リングイメージングチェレンコフの模型

ELPH Beam test

21 MPPCs PID estimation



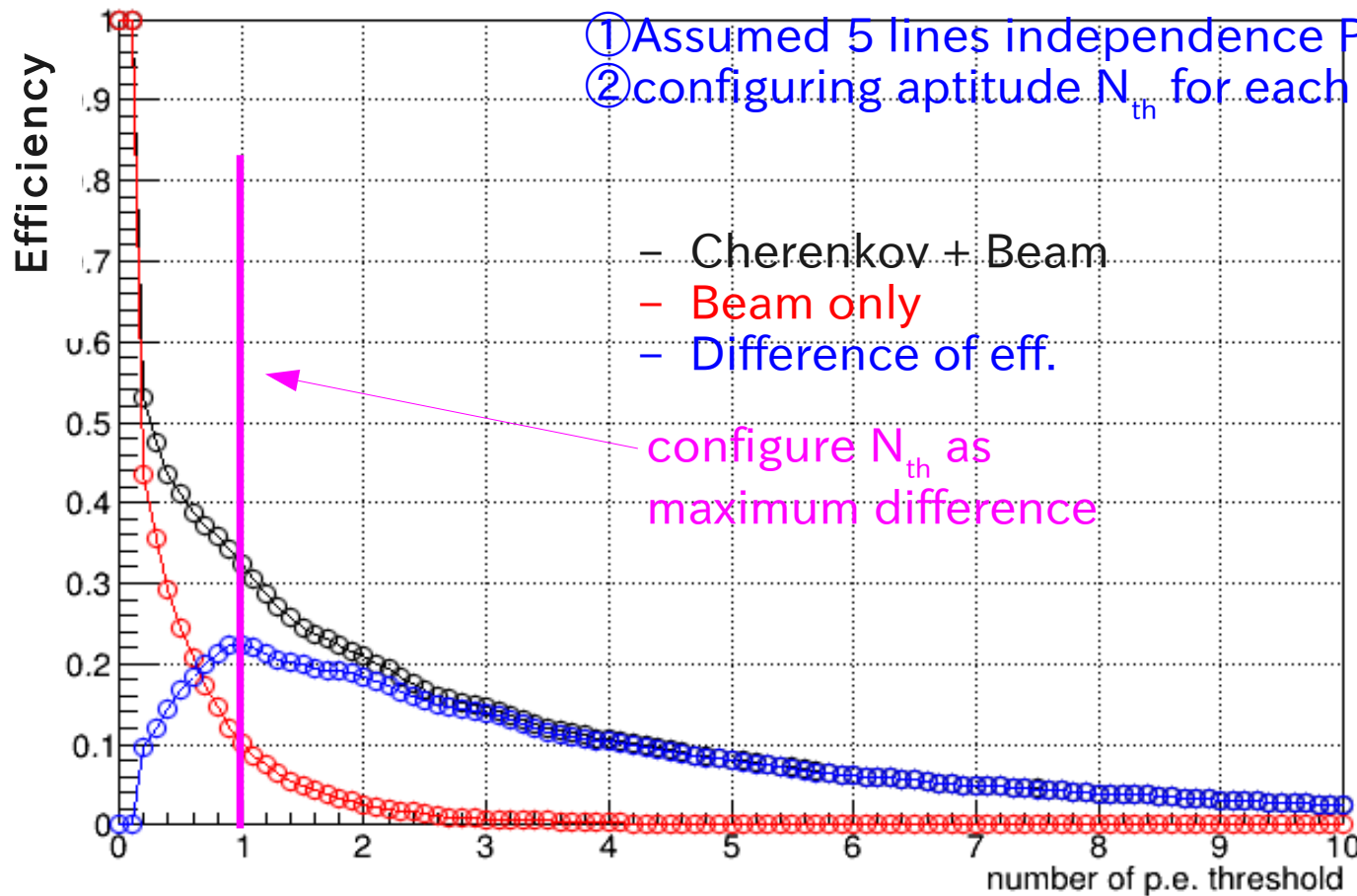
Analysis Method

- ① Assumed 5 lines independence PID detector
- ② configuring aptitude N_{th} for each channel
- ③ configuring aptitude N_{MPPC} in each line
- ④ estimation whole PID decided combination HIT event in 5 lines

ELPH Beam test

21 MPPCs PID estimation

Efficiency of MPPC No. 1

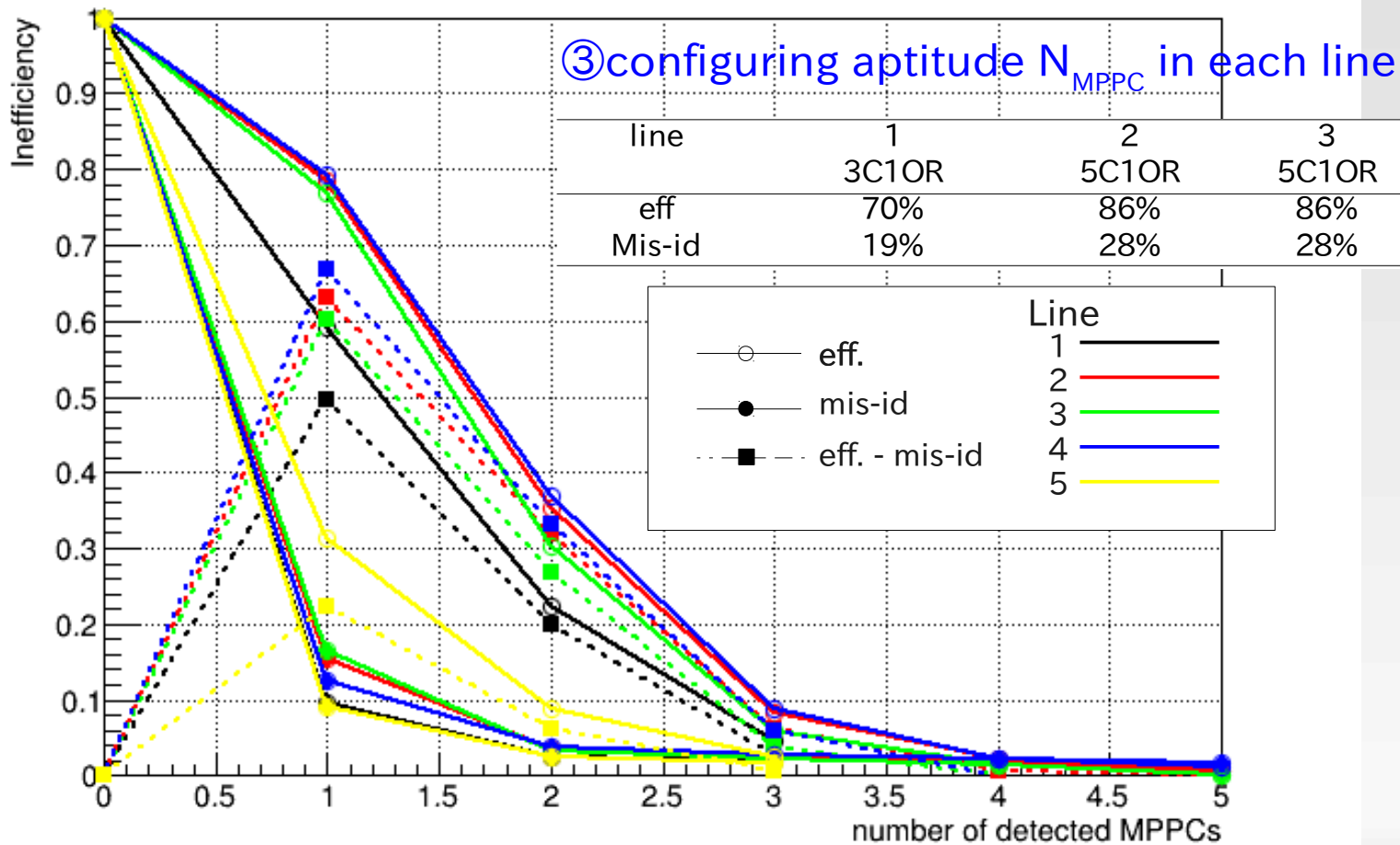


No	Nth	eff	Mis-id
1	0.9	0.34	0.12
2	1.0	0.48	0.12
3	1.0	0.33	0.09
4	1.0	0.28	0.11
5	0.9	0.47	0.12
6	2.0	0.19	0.08
7	0.9	0.44	0.11
8	1.0	0.29	0.11
9	0.9	0.34	0.13
10	0.9	0.36	0.12
11	5.1	0.19	0.03
12	1.0	0.32	0.12
13	1.0	0.31	0.10
14	1.7	0.11	0.04
15	0.9	0.48	0.13
16	0.9	0.46	0.14
17	0.9	0.48	0.12
18	1.8	0.11	0.04
19	2.0	0.07	0.03
20	1.1	0.24	0.10
21	1.0	0.24	0.09

ELPH Beam test

21 MPPCs PID estimation

Inefficiency of threshold number of detected MPPCs



ELPH Beam test

21 MPPCs PID estimation

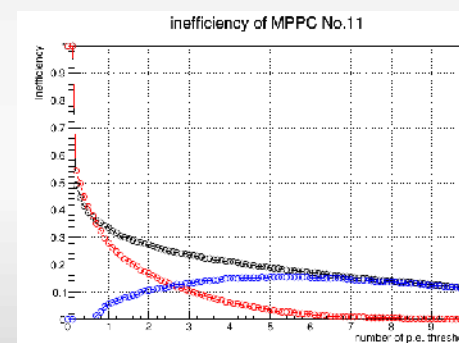
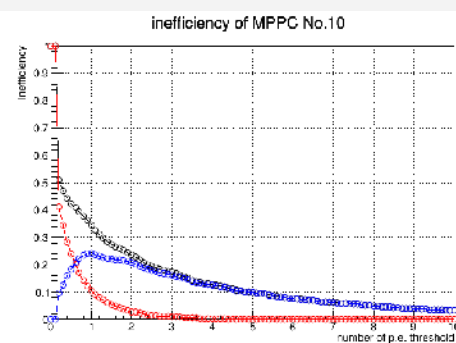
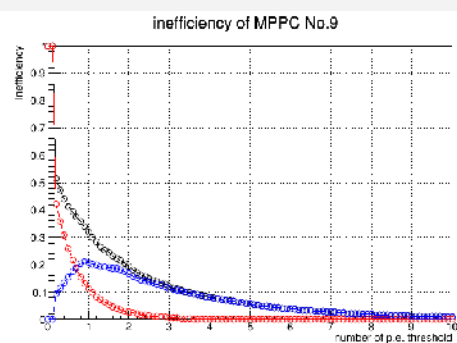
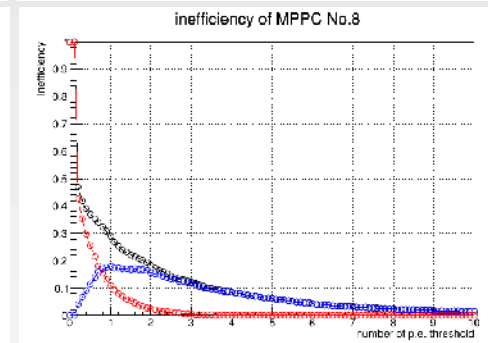
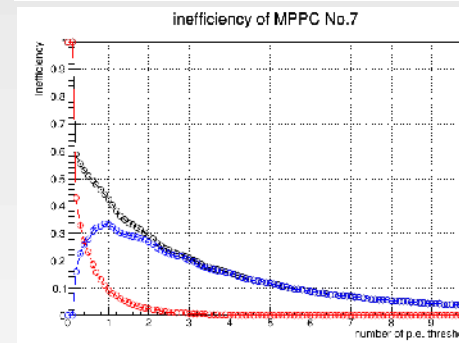
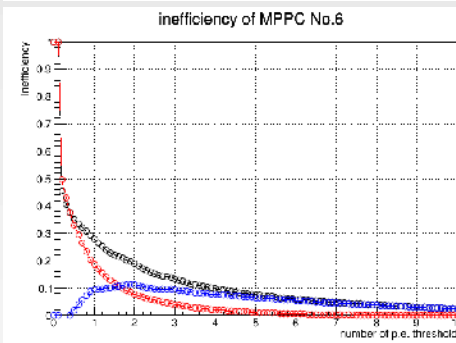
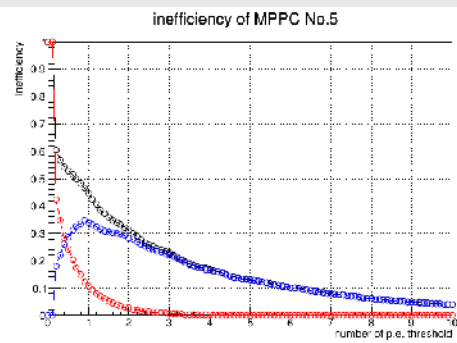
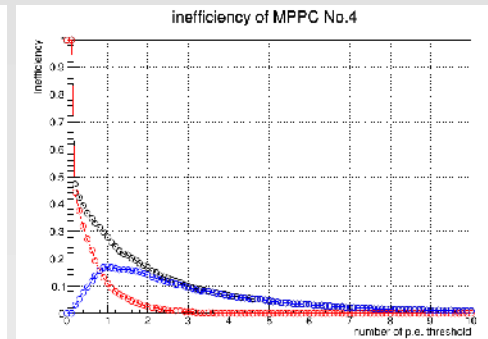
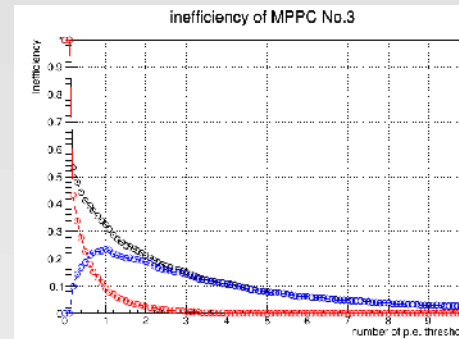
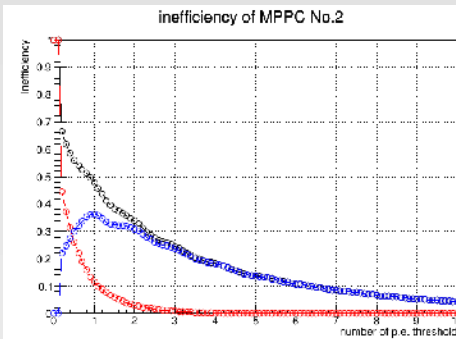
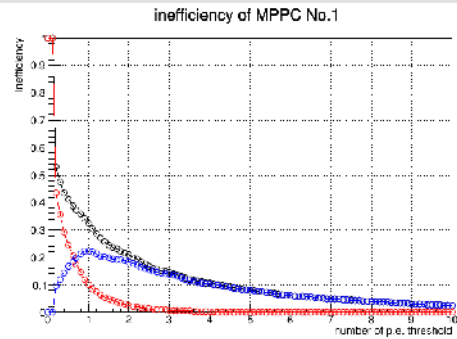
④estimation whole PID decided combination HIT event in 5 lines

	5C5OR	5C4OR	5C3OR	5C2OR	5C1OR
π -eff	16.9%	60.0%	90.2%	98.6%	99.9%
Mis- π	83.1%	40.0%	9.8%	1.4%	0.1%
Mis-K	0.0%	0.9%	7.2%	28.2%	71.5%

Therefore, when the threshold of MPPC has been configured 3 or more, whole PID was estimated 90.2% as eff. And 7.2% as mis-id.

Backup

21 MPPCs PID estimation



Backup

21 MPPCs PID estimation

